

Table 1.
Top 1% share of all income by county in Pennsylvania

County	1978	Rank (1=highest, 67=lowest)	2012	Rank (1=highest, 67=lowest)	1978 to 2012	
					Change	Percent Change
Pennsylvania	8.6%		19.8%		11.2%	130%
Adams	6.1%	60	13.1%	48	7.0%	114%
Allegheny	9.0%	6	23.1%	2	14.2%	158%
Armstrong	6.3%	58	14.4%	40	8.1%	130%
Beaver	5.6%	64	12.0%	51	6.4%	115%
Bedford	7.1%	30	11.2%	61	4.1%	58%
Berks	7.1%	29	17.7%	9	10.5%	147%
Blair	7.3%	23	17.4%	11	10.1%	138%
Bradford	6.9%	36	13.7%	43	6.7%	97%
Bucks	5.9%	61	17.3%	12	11.4%	193%
Butler	6.6%	42	16.2%	21	9.6%	144%
Cambria	7.6%	20	15.1%	32	7.5%	99%
Cameron	5.3%	65	11.6%	58	6.3%	120%
Carbon	5.6%	63	10.2%	64	4.6%	83%
Centre	7.6%	19	15.1%	33	7.4%	97%
Chester	8.3%	9	20.6%	5	12.3%	149%
Clarion	8.3%	10	12.6%	49	4.4%	53%
Clearfield	9.0%	5	13.6%	44	4.6%	50%
Clinton	6.6%	44	11.9%	53	5.3%	81%
Columbia	6.4%	52	11.4%	59	5.0%	77%
Crawford	6.6%	43	13.5%	47	6.9%	103%
Cumberland	6.6%	45	17.1%	15	10.5%	160%
Dauphin	7.0%	35	15.8%	26	8.8%	127%
Delaware	7.9%	14	21.3%	4	13.3%	168%
Elk	7.9%	15	16.0%	23	8.1%	103%
Erie	7.6%	22	19.5%	6	12.0%	159%
Fayette	7.7%	18	14.0%	41	6.3%	82%
Forest	4.3%	67	15.0%	36	10.7%	249%
Franklin	6.5%	50	12.0%	52	5.5%	85%
Fulton	7.0%	34	9.1%	66	2.1%	30%
Greene	6.7%	41	15.1%	31	8.3%	124%
Huntingdon	6.5%	49	11.8%	55	5.3%	82%
Indiana	7.6%	21	16.0%	24	8.4%	111%
Jefferson	9.3%	4	17.1%	14	7.7%	83%
Juniata	6.3%	56	9.3%	65	2.9%	46%
Lackawanna	8.9%	7	17.2%	13	8.3%	93%
Lancaster	7.0%	33	15.3%	30	8.2%	117%
Lawrence	6.5%	48	15.5%	29	8.9%	137%
Lebanon	6.3%	54	11.8%	56	5.4%	85%
Lehigh	7.2%	28	15.9%	25	8.7%	121%
Luzerne	8.0%	13	14.7%	38	6.7%	84%
Lycoming	6.8%	39	14.9%	37	8.2%	120%
Mckean	7.8%	17	16.9%	16	9.1%	118%
Mercer	6.9%	37	15.6%	28	8.7%	126%
Mifflin	7.1%	31	11.4%	60	4.3%	60%
Monroe	8.1%	11	10.8%	62	2.7%	33%
Montgomery	9.9%	1	23.0%	3	13.1%	132%
Montour	6.5%	46	15.0%	34	8.5%	129%
Northampton	6.3%	55	14.0%	42	7.6%	121%
Northumberland	7.1%	32	11.7%	57	4.6%	65%
Perry	4.6%	66	8.5%	67	3.9%	86%
Philadelphia	8.4%	8	19.5%	7	11.1%	131%
Pike	9.7%	2	11.8%	54	2.1%	22%
Potter	6.4%	53	26.1%	1	19.7%	306%
Schuylkill	7.2%	25	14.7%	39	7.4%	103%
Snyder	6.3%	57	10.7%	63	4.4%	69%
Somerset	9.4%	3	16.7%	18	7.3%	78%
Sullivan	6.5%	47	12.3%	50	5.7%	88%
Susquehanna	6.2%	59	15.8%	27	9.6%	156%
Tioga	7.2%	27	13.5%	46	6.3%	88%
Union	6.8%	40	16.2%	20	9.5%	140%
Venango	7.8%	16	16.8%	17	9.0%	116%
Warren	8.1%	12	18.9%	8	10.8%	132%
Washington	6.5%	51	17.4%	10	11.0%	169%
Wayne	7.3%	24	15.0%	35	7.8%	107%
Westmoreland	7.2%	26	16.1%	22	8.9%	123%
Wyoming	5.7%	62	16.4%	19	10.7%	188%
York	6.9%	38	13.5%	45	6.6%	96%

Source. Pennsylvania state data Sommeiller, Estelle and Mark Price. 2015. The Increasingly Unequal States of America: Income Inequality by State, 1917 to 2012. Economic Analysis Research Network (EARN) Report. County data Keystone Research Center analysis of Pennsylvania Department of Revenue data.

Table 2.

Top 1% share of all income by Metropolitan Statistical Area in Pennsylvania				
County	1978	2012	1978 to 2012	
			Change	Percent Change
Pennsylvania	8.6%	19.8%	11.2%	129.7%
Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton	6.8%	14.9%	8.1%	119.4%
Altoona	7.3%	17.4%	10.1%	137.5%
Bloomsburg-Berwick	6.6%	13.1%	6.5%	99.1%
Bloomsburg-Berwick-Sunbury	6.8%	13.2%	6.4%	92.8%
Bradford	7.8%	16.9%	9.1%	117.6%
Chambersburg-Waynesboro	6.5%	12.0%	5.5%	84.7%
DuBois	9.0%	13.6%	4.6%	50.4%
East Stroudsburg	8.1%	10.8%	2.7%	32.6%
Erie	7.6%	19.5%	12.0%	158.6%
Erie-Meadville	7.4%	18.4%	11.0%	149.3%
Gettysburg	6.1%	13.1%	7.0%	114.0%
Harrisburg-Carlisle	6.7%	16.1%	9.4%	140.0%
Harrisburg-York-Lebanon	6.7%	14.6%	7.9%	118.0%
Huntingdon	6.5%	11.8%	5.3%	81.9%
Indiana	7.6%	16.0%	8.4%	111.3%
Johnstown	7.6%	15.1%	7.5%	99.4%
Johnstown-Somerset	8.1%	15.7%	7.5%	92.8%
Lancaster	7.0%	15.3%	8.2%	117.4%
Lebanon,PA	6.3%	11.8%	5.4%	85.5%
Lewisburg	6.8%	16.2%	9.5%	139.8%
Lewistown	7.1%	11.4%	4.3%	60.4%
Lock Haven	6.6%	11.9%	5.3%	81.0%
Meadville	6.6%	13.5%	6.9%	103.4%
Montgomery, Bucks and Chester	8.6%	20.8%	12.1%	140.5%
New Castle	6.5%	15.5%	8.9%	136.9%
Oil City	7.8%	16.8%	9.0%	115.6%
Philadelphia	8.4%	19.5%	11.1%	131.5%
Pittsburgh	8.2%	20.2%	12.0%	147.7%
Pottsville	7.2%	14.7%	7.4%	102.6%
Reading	7.1%	17.7%	10.5%	147.2%
Sayre	6.9%	13.7%	6.7%	97.4%
Scranton--Wilkes-Barre--Hazleton	8.3%	15.8%	7.6%	91.5%
Selinsgrove	6.3%	10.7%	4.4%	69.0%
Somerset	9.4%	16.7%	7.3%	77.7%
State College	7.6%	15.1%	7.4%	97.0%
State College-DuBois	8.3%	14.9%	6.6%	79.8%
Sunbury	7.1%	11.7%	4.6%	64.9%
Warren	8.1%	18.9%	10.8%	132.3%
Williamsport	6.8%	14.9%	8.2%	120.0%
Williamsport-Lock Haven	6.8%	14.4%	7.6%	112.2%
York-Hanover	6.9%	13.5%	6.6%	96.5%

Source. Pennsylvania state data Sommeiller, Estelle and Mark Price. 2015. The Increasingly Unequal States of America: Income Inequality by State, 1917 to 2012. Economic Analysis Research Network (EARN) Report. County data Keystone Research Center analysis of Pennsylvania Department of Revenue data.